The Gulf of Mexico – Where Economy and Environment Coexist and Contend

Long-Term Monitoring and Ocean Observation is the key to a sustainable Gulf Why is something so obvious so difficult to achieve?





Dr. Larry McKinney, Executive Director Harte Research Institute for Gulf of Mexico Studies Texas A&M University Corpus Christi















The Future ain't what it used to be

Yogi Berra, circa 1974



The Future ain't what it used to be

Yogi Berra, circa 1974



DEEPWATER HORIZON 2010



The Gulf of Mexico: Ninth Largest Ocean Waterbody – 600,000 sq. miles



³⁰ DAY LOOP AUGUST - 2011

The world's second and fourth Largest rivers are significant drivers of...

30%

25¶

20¶

15°N

MISSISSIPPI RIVER WATERSHED Discharge: 0.6 million cu. ft. sec.





Gulf of Mexico Dynamics....

AMAZON RIVER WATERSHED Discharge: 7.4 million cu. ft. sec. More than 60% of North America empties into the Gulf of Mexico



About half of the Gulf is shallow continental shelf...





America's Sea*

*American Mediterranean or the Third Coast, or the Forgotten Coast



The Gulf of Mexico is one of the most productive ecosystems in the world...





2,500,000 acres (90% USA seagrass)

5,000,000 acres (50% USA wetlands)





The Gulf of Mexico is also the Nation's Fish Market



1.4 billion pounds of seafood annually

78% of USA shrimp landings62% of USA oyster landings



44% of USA recreational fishing - \$16.2 billion annually



The Gulf of Mexico is a sea of contrasts...

Where a healthy economy and a healthy environment both *coexist* and *contend* with one another









A vate Quality Quantity

HYPOXIC (DEAD) ZONE

2017 Hypoxia "Dead Zone" at 8,776 sq. miles is the largest on



record

http://www.npr.org/sections/thesalt/2017/08/03/541222717/thegulf-of-mexicos-dead-zone-is-the-biggest-ever-seen

*since records began in 1985

Gulf Wetlands





50% lost

12% to 66% lost Up to 90% locally

25% to 33% lost Up to 86% locally

Gulf Seagrass





Louisiana Land Loss 1932 to 2050 (projected)

http://www.southwings.org/our-work/gulf-ecosystem-restoration/

The Gulf is a resilient ecosystem

Like a rubber band we hope it continues to snap back

Understanding, managing and living with a resilient, dynamic Gulf of Mexico



Comes only from a robust ocean observing capability The U.S. Integrated Ocean Observing System (IOOS) *and* Gulf Coast Ocean Observing System (GOOS)





Photo credit: Gulf of Mexico Sperm Whale Seismic Study (SWSS) (U.S. Minerals Management Service, 2002).

CRITICAL COASTAL and OCEAN INFRASTRUCTURE

ON WHICH THE HEALTH, WEALTH AND WELL-BEING OF THE GULF OF MEXICO DEPEND Ocean observing is the systematic collection of data on ocean variables that coupled with appropriate models allow us to depict its current condition and predict its future state



Other speakers will expand on these themes...



The Case for Robust Ocean Observing Capacity in the Gulf of Mexico





Katrina August 2005 Category 5 Deepwater Horizon April 2010 4.9 million barrels

What we do not know about the Gulf of Mexico could kill some one, and has...



Photo credit – St. Petersburg Times, 1980

Freighter rams Sunshine Skyway Bridge -35 Dead Capsized: Four fishermen lost at sea and struggle to survive in the Gulf of Mexico



Photo credit – Houston Chronicle, Oct 17, 2016

What we do not know about the Gulf of Mexico is complicating our ability to manage federal fisheries and that is generating divisive political controversy



What we do not know about the Gulf of Mexico is costing billions in lost productivity...



August 27, 2012

MAP BY ACCUWEATHER

International developments have increased the urgency for improved ocean observing



SONANGOL (Ang CNPC (China) *

Florid



Climate Change Adapting to changing ocean conditions Into the future

Everyone is entitled to their own opinions, but not their own facts....

The oceans are <u>warming</u>
 The sea level is <u>rising</u>
 The oceans are becoming more <u>acidic</u>



If you stick your head in the sand too long be careful... you might drown

What should we do and what can we do to improve ocean observing in the Gulf of Mexico?



I do recognize how fundamentally important this is to what I do want to accomplish.

My goal is help advance ocean observing capacity where I can...

Unfortunately, I am not the person to tell you that.

Fortunately, we have speakers that will



The State of Ocean Observing Science in the Gulf of Mexico





BOEM & LSU Coastal Marine Institute Begin Economic Study of GCOOS



A long History of Ocean Observing Research









The Consortium for Study of the Gulf of Mexico (CIGoM), funded by Mexico (\$72 M US) is the most ambitious large studies ever undertaken



CIGoM Objectives

- Perform physical, chemical, and biological measurements to establish a baseline for the present-state and the natural variability of the greater ecosystem of the Gulf of Mexico
- Use and develop cutting-edge technologies to observe the surface ocean continuously, and in a some cases in real-time, that could be used in the case of an oil spill, and which, together with numerical models, allow to estimate its dispersion and possible consequences
- Build physical, biogeochemical, and transport models of hydrocarbons integrating degradation processes, to generate risk maps, arrival times, and estimates impacts in an efficient manner, taking into account the chemical characteristics of the hydrocarbons and the location and depth of possible large hydrocarbon spills

National Academy of Science Gulf Research Program

Committee on Advancing Understanding of Gulf of Mexico Loop Current Dynamics

Program will launch campaign 2018/2019



develop recommendations to design a suite of activities including research, observations, and analyses—needed to characterize Loop Current dynamics and improve the effectiveness of modeling efforts.

GULF^{of} MEXICO RESEARCH INITIATIVE









GEOCHEMICAL & ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH GROUP GERG College of Geosciences Texos A&M University

RESTORE Centers of Excellence Developing Gliders as coast effective Ocean Observing tools



Research - Innovative and Diverse in both Origin and Creativity





USF Eco-Systems Technology Group



A strong science base but an adequate and sustainable system?











NRDA Trustees

A Role for RESTORE in Ocean Observing?





Centers of Excellence

NOAA RESTORE Act Science Program



400 Gulf Leaders March 27-28 Houston TX

HRI

SUMMIT GOALS Linking Science to Policy to Management for a healthy environment and economy

Metrics for assessing Gulf ecosystem health and productivity

International coordination and cooperation to provide Gulf policy-makers and resource managers the best available science HRI's Gulf Network
International Agreements
GOMURC
Texas OneGulf
COE

HRI

March 29 -30 2017





BOEM – Bureau of Ocean Energy Management NAS GOMP - National Academy of Science Gulf of Mexico Program NOAA – National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration HRI – Harte Research Institute for Gulf of Mexico Studies

Supporting Partners







Consorcio de Instituciones de Investigación Marina del Golfo de México y del Caribe





165 invited Gulf scientists the U.S. Mexico and Cuba Develop an inventory of southern Gulf environmental resources Identify gaps in knowledge and develop research priorities Synthesize information and results to help guide future research Establish an international network to pursue priority research

Trinational Ocean Observing Workshop – Havana, Cuba July 8 and 9, 2017







Harte Charitable Foundation

Robert Lounsbery Foundation







HRI International Endowed Chair - Biodiversity (Mexico)

HRI International Endowed Chair – Conservation (Cuba)



HRI and Ocean Observing



Ocean Observation Tools in the Gulf Can Help U.S. Prepare for Next Disaster

Congressional Briefing by industry, academia...



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RESEARCH

HRI and Ocean Observing









Mission – Science Driven Solutions To Gulf of Mexico Problems



Vision - A Gulf of Mexico that Is Ecologically and Economically Sustainable



